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10/541,845	06/27/2006	Hajo Rieck	1604BPE-17-PUS	6760
22442 7590 01/21/2010 SHERIDAN ROSS PC			EXAMINER	
1560 BROADWAY			HYLTON, ROBIN ANNETTE	
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			01/21/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/541.845 RIECK ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ROBIN HYLTON 3781 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 December 2009. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 54-74 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 54-74 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/18/09: 11/18/09.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(e) (FTO/SE/DE)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

 Claim 72 is objected to because of the following informalities: "the at least one strip shaped projections" is grammatically inaccurate. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. Claims 54-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no support for a "seaming panel" in the disclosure as originally filed. The original disclosure sets forth an edge for seaming to a can. This is a new matter rejection.
- Claims 54-74 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Specifically, the claims are rejected for the following reasons:

Claim 54 recites the limitation "said tear panel" in line 12. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 57 recites the limitation "said projection" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 58 recites the limitation "said projection" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 61 recites the limitation "the limiting or blocking" in lines 1-2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim 63 recites the limitation "the panel" in line 13. There is insufficient antecedent hasis for this limitation in the claim

In claim 63, the phrase "in both a first position of use or a second position of opening" is contradictory since the term "or" indicates alternative arrangements.

Claim 65 recites the limitation "the respective outer edge portion of the attaching portion" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

It is unclear if applicant intends that there is a difference between the inside and the product side of the lid. How are the inside and the product side of the lid related?

Dependent claims not specifically mentioned are rejected as depending from rejected base claims since they inherently contain the same deficiencies therein.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claims 54 and 56-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Saito et al. (JP Application Publication No. H-9-226762). The English translation indicates the at least one projection (15) is substantially elliptical in shape and engages edges of the attaching portion (13) to keep the pull tab from rotating. Wherein Fig. 2 shows the at least one projection is engaged by the attaching portion along a circumference of an opening of the attaching portion, the attachment portion is seen to be prevented from rotating in a first position and a second position.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claim 55 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saito.
 Saito discloses the claimed closure except for the claimed extension of the at least one projection.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the projection of any size as deemed appropriate with the manufacture, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). Doing so allows for an engagement which is as secure as deemed necessary by the manufacture.

Claim 62 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saito.
 Saito discloses the claimed closure except for the at least one projection having an asymmetrical shape with variable steep flanks or sides that are non-parallel.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the strip-shaped projection with an asymmetrical shape with variable steep flanks or sides that are non-parallel since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the shape of a component. A change in shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In re Dailey, 149 USPQ 47

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(CCPA 1976). Doing so provides a projection as desired by the manufacture for engaging the attaching portion.

Claims 63-74 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Saito.

Claim 63 is a product-by-process claim and does not materially change the structure of claimed lid. MPEP 2113.

With regard to claim 63, Saito discloses the claimed closure except the shape of the strip-shaped projection.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the strip-shaped projection with a first flank shaped more steeply than the second flank and with a flattened top surface since such a modification would have involved a mere change in the shape of a component. A change in shape is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art. In re Dailey, 149 USPQ 47 (CCPA 1976). Doing so would provide a more engaging arrangement between the at least one strip-shaped projection and the attaching portion.

Regarding the other claimed dimensions in the dependent claims, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the projection of any size as deemed appropriate with the manufacture, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). Doing so allows for an engagement which is as secure as deemed necessary by the manufacture.

Conclusion

10. Applicant is duly reminded that a complete response must satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F.R. 1.111, including: "The reply must present arguments pointing out the specific distinctions believed to render the claims, including any newly presented claims, patentable over any

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applied references. A general allegation that the claims "define a patentable invention" without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references does not comply with the requirements of this section. Moreover, "The prompt development of a clear Issue requires that the replies of the applicant meet the objections to and rejections of the claims." Applicant should also specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See MPEP 2163.06 II(A), MPEP 2163.06 and MPEP 714.02. The "disclosure" includes the claims, the specification and the drawings.

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Various prior art closures teaching features similar to those disclosed and/or claimed are cited for their disclosures.
- 12. In order to reduce pendency and avoid potential delays, Group 3720/80 is encouraging FAXing of responses to Office Actions directly into the Group at (571) 273-8300. This practice may be used for filling papers not requiring a fee. It may also be used for filling papers which require a fee by applicants who authorize charges to a PTO deposit account. Please identify the examiner and art unit at the top of your cover sheet. Papers submitted via FAX into Group 3720/80 will be promptly forwarded to the examiner.
- 13. It is called to applicant's attention that if a communication is faxed before the reply time has expired, applicant may submit the reply with a "Certificate of Facsimile" which merely asserts that the reply is being faxed on a given date. So faxed, before the period for reply has expired, the reply may be considered timely. A suggested format for a certificate follows:

I hereby certi	ity that this correspond	dence for Application S	ierial No	_ is being facsimiled to
The U.S. Patent and	Trademark Office via	fax number 571-273-83	300 on the date s	hown below:

Typed or printed name of person signing this certificate								
Signature								
Date								

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robin Hylton whose telephone number is (571) 272-4540. The examiner can normally be reached Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anthony Stashick, can be reached on (571) 272-4561.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For

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more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Other helpful telephone numbers are listed for applicant's benefit:

- Allowed Files & Publication (888) 786-0101
- Assignment Branch (800) 972-6382
- Certificates of Correction (703) 305-8309
- Fee Questions (571) 272-6400
 Inventor Assistance Center (800) PTO-9199
- Inventor Assistance Center (800) PTO-9
- Petitions/special Programs (571) 272-3282
- Information Help line 1-800-786-9199
- Internet PTO-Home Page http://www.uspto.gov

January 19, 2010

/Robin A. Hylton/ Robin A. Hylton Primary Examiner GAU 3781